Direct Solar Hydrogen Generation at 20% Efficiency Using Low-Cost Materials

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Background

- Direct solar hydrogen generation (DSTH) is a promising alternative for renewable hydrogen generation
- Current issues with existing technology: \succ Use of high-cost noble metal catalysts





HYDROGEN RESEARCH

- and/or semiconductors
- ➢ Efficiency limitations for low-cost high bandgap semiconductors

• Our solution:

- >An all-low-cost system for direct solar hydrogen generation with 20 % solar-tohydrogen conversion efficiency
- ➢ Pathway to achieve US-DOE 2025 target

Methodology

with NiMo HER catalyst flower stem morphology and record HER performance



SEM images of NiMo flower-stem morphology

Perovskite-Si tandem solar cell with record

Linear sweep voltammetry (LSV) curves of, left: NiMo/NF, Pt-C/NF and *NF electrodes for HER, right: NiFe/NF, Ir-C/NF and NF for OER*

Direct solar hydrogen generation

J–V curves of the individual perovskite and Si solar cells and the series-connected tandem PV under AM1.5G illumination



perovskite-Si tandem PV integrated electrocatalyst direct solar hydrogen generation system

Left: J–V curve of perovskite-Si PV with the LSV curve of NiMo and NiFe electrodes, right: Comparison of the STH efficiency achieved in this work with the reported values in literature

open circuit potential



Schematic illustration of the device architecture of series-connected perovskite-Si tandem cell.

Technoeconomic analysis and efficiency improvements



Left: Realistically achievable STH conversion efficiencies by improving the perovskite solar cell performance. Right: LCOH for DSTH and off-grid electrolyzer (OGE) systems.



Surface plot of the LCOH for the DSTH system as a function of PV module and *electrocatalyst costs*

Conclusion

- Key takeaway:
- Record STH efficiency of 20% for direct solar hydrogen generation
- > NiMo electrodes with flower-stem morphology, exceptional HER performance
- \succ Improved perovskite top cell with a record open circuit voltage
- \succ Improvement in perovskite cell could enhance the STH efficiency to 25%
- LCOH of \$4.1/Kg at 20% STH efficiency
- > LCOH ~2 \$/Kg, for 25% STH efficiency and cost reduction

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Further Information

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